Test Booklet Code

No. :

E1

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

## Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **E1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) :									
Roll Number	: in figures								
	: in words								
Centre of Examir	nation (in Capitals) :								
		Invigilator's Signature :							
Facsimile signature stamp of									
Centre Superinte	ndent:								

E1				2	2								
1.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						ose the	corre	ct pair	from t	he fol	lowing:	
	popu (1) (2)	lation ? Sex ratio Natality			(1)	Ligases -			Join the two DNA molecules				
	(3) (4)	Mortality Species interaction			(2)	Polyı	•			Break the DNA into ragments			
2.	The p	process of growth i Log phase		(3)	Nucl	eases	-	Separ of DN	eparate the two strands DNA				
	(2) (3) (4)	Lag phase Senescence Dormancy			(4)						cuts at specific		
3.		oots that originate	from tl	he base of the stem	8.	Selec	ct the o	correc	t matc	h.			
	are :	Fibrous roots				(1)	Haer	nophil	lia	-	Ylin	ked	
	(1) (2) (3)	Primary roots Prop roots				(2)	Phen	ylketo	nuria	-	Autosomal dominant trait		
	(4)	Lateral roots				(3)	Sickl	e cell a	anaem	ia -	Autosomal recessive trait,		
4.	Mato	th the following di nism and select th Column - I	with the causative ct option.  Column - II		(4)	Thala	assem	ia	-	chromosome-11 X linked			
	(a)	Typhoid	(i)	Wuchereria	9.	Mata	atch the following columns and select the					l galagt tha	
	(b)	Pneumonia	Plasmodium	9.		ect opt		villg co	Jiuiiiii	s and	select the		
	(c)	Filariasis	(ii) (iii)	Salmonella			Column - I				Column - II		
	(d)	Malaria	, ,				(a) Gregarious, polyphagous (i)					Asterias	
	(4)	(a) (b) (c) (d) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)		11wentepnude		(4)	pest					11000.000	
	(1) (2)					(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry				(ii)	Scorpion	
	(3) (4)	(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)	(iv) (iii)			(c)		lungs	5	3		Ctenoplana	
_						(d)		cence		(iv)	Locusta		
5.	are tı	nich of the followin cansferred to assist			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	( )				
	conce	ZIFT and IUT				(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			
	(2)	GIFT and ZIFT				(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
	(3)	ICSI and ZIFT				(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(4)	GIFT and ICSI				(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			
6.		tify the wrong sta ene 'I' that controls The gene (I) has	10.	The infectious stage of <i>Plasmodium</i> that enter the human body is :									
	(2)	A person will ha		(1)	Trophozoites Sporozoites								
		alleles.		(2)									
	(3)	When I <sup>A</sup> and I <sup>B</sup> a express same typ		sent together, they gar.		(3)	Female gametocytes						
	(4)	Allele 'i' does not		(4)	Male gametocytes								

- 11. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
  - (1) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (2) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (3) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (4) Inulin, insulin
- 12. The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
  - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
  - (1) (a) only
  - (2) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (3) (c) and (d)
  - (4) (a) and (d)
- 13. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
  - (1) Ammonia alone
  - (2) Nitrate alone
  - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
  - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen
- 14. Identify the correct statement with regard to G<sub>1</sub> phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
  - (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (2) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (4) Nuclear Division takes place.
- 15. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
  - (1) lining of intestine
  - (2) ducts of salivary glands
  - (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (4) eustachian tube

- 16. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?
  - (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
  - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- 17. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
  - (1) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (2) Peroxisomes
  - (3) Golgi bodies
  - (4) Polysomes
- 18. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
  - (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- 19. Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
  - (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
  - (2) Partial pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> can interfere with O<sub>2</sub> binding with haemoglobin.
  - (3) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) Low pCO<sub>2</sub> in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 20. Ray florets have:
  - (1) Inferior ovary
  - (2) Superior ovary
  - (3) Hypogynous ovary
  - (4) Half inferior ovary
- 21. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
  - (1) 5' GAATTC 3'
    - 3' CTTAAG 5'
  - (2) 5' GGAACC 3'
    - 3' CCTTGG 5'
  - (3) 5' CTTAAG 3'
    - 3' GAATTC 5'
  - (4) 5' GGATCC 3'
    - 3' CCTAGG 5'

**E**1 4 22. 26. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Which of the following statements are true for Restriction Enzymes. the phylum-Chordata? In Urochordata notochord extends from (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by head to tail and it is present throughout inspecting the length of a DNA sequence. their life. They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic (2)(b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only. (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and They are useful in genetic engineering. (3)hollow. (4)Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: ligases. Hemichordata, Tunicata Cephalochordata. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge (1) (d) and (c) 23. digester for further sewage treatment? (c) and (a) (2)(3)(a) and (b) (1) Primary sludge (4)(b) and (c) (2)Floating debris 27. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology. (3)Effluents of primary treatment Cloning vector Bacillus (i) (a) Activated sludge (4) thuringiensis Construction of (b) **Thermus** (ii) 24. Select the correct events that occur during first rDNA aquaticus inspiration. molecule Contraction of diaphragm (a) (c) Agrobacterium (iii) DNA polymerase Contraction of external inter-costal muscles tumefaciens (b) (d) Salmonella **Cry proteins** (iv) Pulmonary volume decreases (c) typhimurium (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases Select the correct option from the following: (a) (b) (d) (c) (1) (a) and (b) (1) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) (c) and (d) (2) (2)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (3)(a), (b) and (d) (3)(iii) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii) (i) (ii) (4)(iv) (4)only(d) Match the following concerning essential elements 28. 25. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for and their functions in plants: few days because: Photolysis of water (a) Iron (i) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the (1) (b) Zinc (ii) Pollen germination cockroach are situated in ventral part of Required for chlorophyll (c) Boron (iii) abdomen. biosynthesis (2) the cockroach does not have nervous system. Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis Select the correct option: the head holds a small proportion of a nervous (3)system while the rest is situated along the (a) (b) (c) (d) ventral part of its body. (ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (1) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system (2)(4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) while the rest is situated along the dorsal (3)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i) part of its body.

(4)

(iv)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

E1 5 34. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits 29. Identify the incorrect statement. highest species diversity? (1) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives Western Ghats of India (1) mechanical support. (2)Madagascar Sapwood is involved in conduction of water (2) Himalayas and minerals from root to leaf. (3)Amazon forests Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem (4)(3)and is lighter in colour. 35. Which of the following statements is not Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., (4) correct? heart wood is dark in colour. (1) In man insulin is synthesised as a Match the following: proinsulin. 30. The proinsulin has an extra peptide called (2)(a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin C-peptide. activity The functional insulin has A and B chains (3)(b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate linked together by hydrogen bonds. (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin Genetically engineered insulin is produced (4) fungi in E-Coli. (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen 36. The transverse section of a plant shows following Choose the correct option from the following: anatomical features: (a) (b) (c) (d) Large number of scattered vascular bundles (a) (1) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i) surrounded by bundle sheath. (2)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue. (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed. (c) (4) (ii) (iii) (i) (iv) (d) Phloem parenchyma absent. Identify the category of plant and its part: Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is 31. completed: Monocotyledonous stem (1) (1) Prior to ovulation (2)Monocotyledonous root (3)Dicotyledonous stem (2) At the time of copulation (4)Dicotyledonous root (3)After zygote formation At the time of fusion of a sperm with an (4) 37. Match the following columns and select the ovum correct option. Column - I Column - II According to Robert May, the global species 32. diversity is about: (a) 6 - 15 pairs of (i) Trygon gill slits (1) 1.5 million 20 million (2) (b) Heterocercal (ii) Cyclostomes caudal fin (3)50 million (c) Air Bladder (iii) Chondrichthyes 7 million (4) (d) Osteichthyes Poison sting (iv) 33. The first phase of translation is: (a) (b) (c) (d) (1) Binding of mRNA to ribosome (1) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2) Recognition of DNA molecule (2)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) Aminoacylation of tRNA (3)(3)(iv) (ii) (iii) (i)

(4)

(i)

(iv)

(iii)

(ii)

Recognition of an anti-codon

(4)

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- 38. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
  - (1)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 800°C
  - (2) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub> and water vapor at 800°C
  - (3) CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (4) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
- 39. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
  - (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
  - (2) Alfred Wallace
  - (3) Charles Darwin
  - (4) Oparin
- 40. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
  - (1) Transpiration
  - (2) Root pressure
  - (3) Imbibition
  - (4) Plasmolysis
- 41. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
  - (1) Nutritive value
  - (2) Growth response
  - (3) Defence action
  - (4) Effect on reproduction
- 42. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
  - (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- 43. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
  - (1) Insect pests
  - (2) Fungal diseases
  - (3) Plant nematodes
  - (4) Insect predators

- 44. Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
  - (1) only (a)
  - (2) (a) and (c)
  - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (4) only (d)
- 45. Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
- 46. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
  - (1) Out crossing
  - (2) Mutational breeding
  - (3) Cross breeding
  - (4) Inbreeding
- 47. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.

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48.				wing o	columr	ns and select the	52.	Matc	h the f	ollowi	ng witl	n respe	ect to meiosis:		
	corre	ect opt	ion.					(a)	Zygo	tene	(i)	Tern	ninalization		
		Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		(b)	Pach	ytene	(ii)	Chia	smata		
	(a) Clostridium (i) butylicum			Cyclosporin-A		(c)	Diplo	otene	(iii)	Cross	sing over				
						(d)	Diakinesis		(iv)	Syna	apsis				
	(b) Trichoderma (ii)					Butyric Acid		Selec	et the c	orrect	option	n from the following:			
	polysporum								(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(c)	Monascus (iii)				Citric Acid		(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
		purp	ureus					(2) (3)	(iv) (i)	(iii) (ii)	(ii) (iv)	(i) (iii)			
	(d) Aspergillus niger (		(iv)	Blood cholesterol		(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	lowering agent	53.	Whice algae		the fol	lowing	g pair	s is of unicell	lular	
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)			(1)	Lam	inaria	and Sc	argass	um		
	(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)			(2)	Gelidium and Gracilaria						
								(3)		oaena a					
	(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			(4)	a) Chlorella and Spirulina						
40	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	uina oonditiona in	54.	Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?							
49.						wing conditions in Mellitus?		(1)	High concentration of Estrogen						
	(1) Uremia and Ketonuria							(2)	High concentration of Progesterone						
	(2)	Uren	nia and	d Rena	l Calcu	ıli		(3)	Low concentration of LH						
	(3)				ycosur			(4) Low concentration of FSH							
	(4)			_		glycaemia	55.		tch the following columns and select rect option.						
<b>5</b> 0	Marilan and the second								Colu	ımn - İ	I		Column - II		
50.					e similar to :		(a)	Bt cotton			(i)	Gene therapy	y		
	(1)			cellulo				(b)		osine		(ii)	Cellular defe	nce	
	(2)	-	_		glycoge	en				ninase					
	(3)	Man	nitol a	nd algi	n			deficiency				<i>(</i> ,,,,,	<b>.</b>		
	(4)	Lami	inarin	and ce	llulose			(c)	RNA	1		(iii)	Detection of I	HIV	
51.	Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.							(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis	s	
	(1)	Gond	orrhoe	a, Sypl	hilis, G	enital herpes			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(2)	Gono	orrhoe	a, Mal	aria, G	enital herpes		(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
	(3)	AIDS	S, Mala	aria, Fi	ilaria			(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(4)			DS, Sy				(3) (4)	(ii) (i)	(iii) (ii)	(iv) (iii)	(i) (iv)			
	(I)		,	-,,				(4)	(1)	(11)	(111)	(11)			

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56.	Mon of:	treal p	rotoco	l was s	signed	in 198	7 for control	61.	Men	How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except					
	(1)		-		•		ed organisms		in or (1)		acter v	with co	ontrast	ing traits?	
				•	to ano				(2)						
	(2)				-		bstances		(3)	14					
	(3)				House	gases			(4)	8					
	(4)	•	osal of					62.		ch the ect opt		ving c	olumn	s and select the	
57.	Whi	ch of tl	he follo	owing	is corr	ect abo	out viroids?			_	ımn -	I		Column - II	
	(1)	They	have	RNA w	vith pr	otein c	oat.		(a)	Orga	ın of Co	orti	(i)	Connects middle	
	(2)	They	have	free R1	NA wit	hout p	rotein coat.			9				ear and pharynx	
	(3)	They	have	DNA v	vith pr	otein c	oat.		(b)	Cochlea			(ii)	Coiled part of the	
	(4)	They have free DNA without protein coat.												labyrinth	
58.	The	ovary is half inferior in :							(c)	Eust	achian	tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window	
	(1)	Brin			,, ,,,				(d)	Stap	Stapes			Located on the	
	(2)	Mus												basilar	
	(3)		lower							(2)	(b)	(a)	(d)	membrane	
	(4)	Plum							(1)	(a) (ii)	(b) (iii)	(c) (i)	(d) (iv)		
									(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
59.	The	enzvm	e enter	okinas	se help	s in co	nversion of :		(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)		
	(1)	enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of : protein into polypeptides							(4) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)						
	(2)							63.		y, pollination takes					
	(3)	trypsinogen into trypsin caseinogen into casein							place by : (1) insects or wind						
	(4)		inogen							water currents only					
	(4)	pcps	mogen	intop	Срзііі				(3)						
60.		tch the trophic levels with their correct species imples in grassland ecosystem.							(4)	insects and water					
	(a)	Four	th trop	hic lev	vel	(i)	Crow	64.			llator which upon acreases the length				
	(b)		nd trop			(ii)	Vulture			em, th				yield of sugarcane	
	(c)	First	troph	ic leve	1	(iii)	Rabbit		(1)		kinin				
	(d)		d troph			(iv)	Grass		(2)	Gibb					
			correct			(11)	Grass		(3)	Ethy					
	Sele								(4)	Absc	isic aci	a			
	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			65.			action electro			one facilitates the	
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)				(1)		I to Cyl				
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				(2)		6f com		_		
	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)				(3)	PS-I	to NA	DP+			
	(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)				(4)	PS-I	to ATI	P syntl	nase		
								-							

E1 9 Match the following columns and select the 70. 66. Which of the following is not an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy? correct option. Column - I Column - II (1) Gibberellic acid (a) Placenta (i) Androgens (2) Abscisic acid (b) Zona pellucida (ii) **Human Chorionic** Gonadotropin (3)Phenolic acid (hCG) Para-ascorbic acid (4) (c) **Bulbo-urethral** (iii) Layer of the ovum glands Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA Leydig cells Lubrication of the 67. (d) (iv) helix during transcription. Penis (d) (a) (b) (c) (1) **DNA** ligase (1) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (2)**DNA** helicase (2)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (3)(iii) (ii) (iv) (i) DNA polymerase (3)(4)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) RNA polymerase (4) 71. Strobili or cones are found in: Salvinia (1) (2) Pteris 68. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis? Marchantia (3)**Equisetum** (4) (1) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH 72. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent (2) Reabsorption of Na<sup>+</sup> and water from renal stage  $(G_0)$ . This process occurs at the end of: tubules due to aldosterone M phase (2)G<sub>1</sub> phase (3)Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction (3)Sphase (4) G<sub>2</sub> phase (4) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells 73. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of: In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net 69. (1) Adaptive radiation primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one (2)Convergent evolution of the following statements is correct? (3)Industrial melanism Gross primary productivity is always less (1) Natural selection (4)than net primary productivity. 74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs Gross primary productivity is always more (2) is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a than net primary productivity. DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is (3)Gross primary productivity and Net primary approximately: productivity are one and same. (1) 2.0 meters (2)2.5 meters There is no relationship between Gross (4) primary productivity and Net primary (3)2.2 meters

(4)

2.7 meters

productivity.

E1						1	О							
75.	The (1)	Repo	olarisa	tion of	auricle		80.	Match the following columns and select correct option.						
	(2)				auricle				Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II	
	(3) (4)	_			ventrio ventrio			(a)	Pitui	Pituitary gland (i)			Grave's disease	
76.		ch the ect opt		wing c	olumn	s and select the		(b)		oid gla		(ii)	Diabetes mellitus	
		Colu	umn -	I		Column - II		(c)	Adre	nal gla	nd	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
	(a)	Eosi	nophil	S	(i)	Immune response		(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease	
	(b)	Basc	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis			(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(c)	Neut	trophi	ls	(iii)	Release		( )						
						histaminase,		(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		
						destructive enzymes		(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)		
	(4)	T						(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)		
	(d)	Lymphocytes (			(iv)	Release granules containing histamine		(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		81.	Sele	ct the o	correc	t state	ment.		
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)								1	
	(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(1)	Gluc	ocortic	oids st	imulat	te gluconeogenesis.	
	(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			(2)	Gluc	agon is	assoc	iated v	vith hypoglycemia.	
	(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			(3)	<ol> <li>Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.</li> </ol>					
77.		Which of the following statements is correct?							Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.					
	(1)	H-bo	onds.			mine through two		(4)	2220			, p o. g., co		
	(2)	H-bo	ond.		·	mine through one	82.	Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?						
	(3)		nıne pa onds.	airs wi	tn tnyr	nine through three		(1)	) Haemoglobin					
	(4)	Ader	nine do	es not	pair w	ith thymine.		(2)	Collagen					
78.						copy number of the ermed :		(3)	Lect	in				
	(1)	Selec	ctable	marke	r			(4)	Insu	lin				
	(2)	Ori s	site											
	(3)			ic sequ	ence		83.						he chromosomal	
	(4)	Reco	ognitio	n site				theo	ry of in	heritai	ice wa	s done	by:	
79.	Iden	tify the	e basic	amino	acid f	rom the following.		(1)	Men	del				
	(1)	Tyro						(2)	Sutte	on				
	(2)		amic A	cid				(3)	Bove	ri				
	(3)	Lysii												
	(4)	Valii	ne					(4)	Mor	gan				

84. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I

Column - II

- (a) Floating Ribs
- (i) Located between second and seventh ribs
- (b) Acromion
- (ii) Head of the Humerus
- (c) Scapula
- (iii) Clavicle
- (d) Glenoid cavity
- (iv) Do not connect with the sternum
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- (2) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
- 85. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
  - (1) Zero
  - (2) One
  - (3) Two
  - (4) Three
- 86. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
  - (1) Pachytene
  - (2) Zygotene
  - (3) Diplotene
  - (4) Leptotene
- 87. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
  - (1) Ctenophora
  - (2) Platyhelminthes
  - (3) Aschelminthes
  - (4) Annelida
- 88. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
  - (1) Hilum
  - (2) Micropyle
  - (3) Nucellus
  - (4) Chalaza

- 89. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
  - (1) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (2) Columnar epithelial cells
  - (3) Chondrocytes
  - (4) Compound epithelial cells
- 90. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
  - (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
  - (3) High reflection of light from snow
  - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- 91. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
  - (1) He<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) Li<sub>2</sub>
  - (3)  $C_2$
  - (4) O<sub>2</sub>
- 92. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> is  $2\times10^{-15}$ .
  - (1)  $2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
  - (2)  $2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$
  - (3)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \text{ M}$
  - (4)  $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
- 93. Identify the correct statements from the following:
  - (a) CO<sub>2</sub>(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $C_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (2) (a) and (c) only
  - (3) (b) and (c) only
  - (4) (c) and (d) only

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94. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$ 

If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2\times10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta G^{\rm S}$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}\times300 \text{ K}\times\ln(2\times10^{13})$
- (2)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}\times300 \text{ K}\times\ln(2\times10^{13})$
- (3)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}\times300 \text{ K}\times\ln(3\times10^{13})$
- (4)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1}\text{K}^{-1}\times300 \text{ K}\times\ln(4\times10^{13})$

95. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \hline \\ \text{Cl}_2/\text{h}\nu \\ \end{array} \\ \text{X} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \\ \hline \\ 373 \text{ K} \\ \hline \end{array}$$

96. Identify the incorrect match.

Unununnium

Name IUPAC Official Name

(a) Unnilunium (i) Mendelevium

(b) Unniltrium (ii) Lawrencium

(c) Unnilhexium (iii) Seaborgium

(iv)

Darmstadtium

(1) (a), (i)

(d)

- (2) (b), (ii)
- (3) (c), (iii)
- (4) (d), (iv)

97. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

(1) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

- $(2) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \ pm$
- $(3) \qquad \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- (4)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

98. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?

- (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

99. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:

- (1) Hydrogen gas
- (2) Oxygen gas
- (3) H<sub>2</sub>S gas
- (4) SO<sub>2</sub> gas

- 100. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
  - (1) Isopropyl alcohol
  - (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
  - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
- 101. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
  - (1) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, sulphurous acid
  - (2)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid
  - (3) H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (4)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
- 102. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

- 103. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr<sup>2+</sup> ion is:
  - (1) 3.87 BM
  - (2) 4.90 BM
  - (3) 5.92 BM
  - (4) 2.84 BM
- 104. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
  - (1) q=0,  $\Delta T=0$  and w=0
  - (2)  $q=0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (3)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (4) q > 0,  $\Delta T > 0$  and w > 0
- 105. The freezing point depression constant  $(K_f)$  of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
  - (1) 0.20 K
  - (2) 0.80 K
  - (3) 0.40 K
  - (4) 0.60 K
- 106. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl<sub>2</sub> (Atomic mass of Ca=40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is:
  - (1) 1
  - (2) 2
  - (3) 3
  - (4) 4
- 107. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
  - (1) Aldol condensation
  - (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (4) Cross Aldol condensation
- 108. Paper chromatography is an example of :
  - (1) Adsorption chromatography
  - (2) Partition chromatography
  - (3) Thin layer chromatography
  - (4) Column chromatography

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- 109. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - (1) activation energy
  - (2) heat of reaction
  - (3) threshold energy
  - (4) collision frequency
- 110. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is:

[Use atomic masses (in g  $mol^{-1}$ ): N=14, Ar=40]

- (1) 9 bar
- (2) 12 bar
- (3) 15 bar
- (4) 18 bar
- 111. Identify the correct statement from the following:
  - (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>.
  - (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- 112. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
  - (1) -I effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (2) +R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (3) -R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (4) Hyperconjugation
- 113. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
  - (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - (2) Sodium stearate
  - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate

- 114. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
  - (a) β-Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (a), (b), (c)
  - (2) (a), (c), (d)
  - (3) (b), (c), (d)
  - (4) (a), (b), (d)
- 115. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
  - (1) Ethanol+Acetone
  - (2) Benzene+Toluene
  - (3) Acetone+Chloroform
  - (4) Chloroethane+Bromoethane
- 116. Which of the following is the correct order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (2)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
  - (3)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2Q_1^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (4)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- 117. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
  - (1) Serine
  - (2) Alanine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Lysine
- 118. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
  - (1) Both MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) Only NaCl
  - (3) Only MgCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) NaCl, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
- 119. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
  - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
  - (3) polybutadiene
  - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)

- 120. Which of the following is not correct about carbon monoxide?
  - (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- 121. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
  - (1)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose+ $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose+ $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose+ $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
- 122. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Iron
  - (2) Copper
  - (3) Calcium
  - (4) Potassium
- 123. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
  - (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag=108]
  - (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg=24]
  - (3)  $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O=16]$
  - (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li=7]
- 124. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in <sup>175</sup><sub>71</sub>Lu, respectively, are:
  - (1) 71, 104 and 71
  - (2) 104, 71 and 71
  - (3) 71, 71 and 104
  - (4) 175, 104 and 71

125. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$CH_4(g)+4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l)+4HCl(g)$$

- (1) +4 to +4
- (2) 0 to +4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4
- 126. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - (1)  $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$  in water.
  - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
  - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2^-}$  and  $Cr_2O_7^{2^-}$  are not the same.
- 127. For the reaction,  $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$ , the correct option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H > o \text{ and } \Delta_r S > o$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H > o \text{ and } \Delta_r S < o$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H < o \text{ and } \Delta_r S > o$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H < o \text{ and } \Delta_r S < o$
- 128. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
  - (1) Viscosity
  - (2) Solubility
  - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (4) Size of the colloidal particles

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- 129. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
  - (1) CuSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (2)  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
  - (3) Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) CuCO<sub>3</sub>·Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- 130. Match the following and identify the correct option.
  - (a)  $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i)  $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c)  $B_2H_6$
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d)  $H_2O_2$
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- (4) (i) (ii) (ii) (iv)
- 131. Match the following:

## Oxide

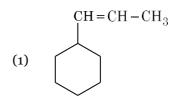
Nature

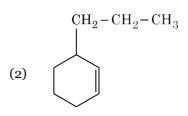
- (a) CO
- (i) Basic
- (b) BaO
- (ii) Neutral
- (c)  $Al_2O_3$
- (iii) Acidic
- (d) Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>
- (iv) Amphoteric

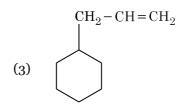
(iv)

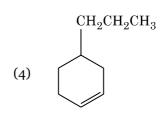
- Which of the following is correct option?
  - (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- 132. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
  - (1) 100 s
  - (2) 200 s
  - (3) 500 s
  - (4) 1000 s

133. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :









- 134. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1) n-Hexane
  - (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
  - (3) n-Heptane
  - (4) n-Butane

135. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(3) 
$$+C_2H_5I$$

$$(4) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

- 136. For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?
  - (1) Hydrogen atom
  - (2) Singly ionised helium atom (He<sup>+</sup>)
  - (3) Deuteron atom
  - (4) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne<sup>+</sup>)
- 137. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1) c:1
  - (2) 1:1
  - (3) 1: c
  - (4)  $1:c^2$
- 138. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be:
  - (1)  $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
  - (2)  $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
  - (3)  $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
  - (4)  $i_b = 90^{\circ}$

139. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is :  $(R=8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- 140. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence *i* on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
  - (1)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
  - (2)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
  - (3) µA
  - (4) <u>µA</u>
- 141. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
  - (1) isothermal
  - (2) adiabatic
  - (3) isochoric
  - (4) isobaric
- 142. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
  - (1)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
  - (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
  - (4)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 143. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
  - (1) 48 N
  - (2) 32 N
  - (3) 30 N
  - (4) 24 N

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- 144. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
  - (1) metals
  - (2) insulators only
  - (3) semiconductors only
  - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- 145. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
  - (1)  $\pi$  rad
  - (2)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (3)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (4) zero
- 146. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.01 mm
- (2) 0.25 mm
- (3) 0.5 mm
- (4) 1.0 mm
- 147. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
  - (1) 523 Hz
  - (2) 524 Hz
  - (3) 536 Hz
  - (4) 537 Hz
- 148. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 50 cm
- (3) 67 cm
- (4) 80 cm

- 149. Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3j N acts on a particle whose position vector is 2k m.
  - (1)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (2)  $6\overset{\wedge}{j}$  N m
  - (3) -6i N m
  - (4)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
- 150. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
  - (1)  $10 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (2)  $12 \times 10^{3}$  J
  - (3)  $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (4)  $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
- 151. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2\times10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

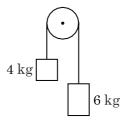
$$\frac{1}{4\pi c^0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2$$

- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (2)  $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (3)  $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (4)  $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- 152. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
  - (1) zero
  - (2)  $0.5 \,\mathrm{N/C}$
  - (3) 1 N/C
  - (4) 5 N/C
- 153. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
  - (1) forward bias only
  - (2) reverse bias only
  - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (4) increase in forward current

- 154. A 40  $\mu F$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
  - (1) 1.7 A
  - (2) 2.05 A
  - (3) 2.5 A
  - (4) 25.1 A
- 155. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, \operatorname{n}^2 \, \Pi \operatorname{d}^2}$
  - (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \Pi^2 d^2}$
- 156. For transistor action, which of the following statements is correct?
  - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
  - (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- 157. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1) doubled
  - (2) four times
  - (3) one-fourth
  - (4) zero
- 158. When a uranium isotope  $^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  $^{89}_{36}$ Kr , three neutrons and :
  - (1) <sup>144</sup> Ba <sub>56</sub>
  - (2)  $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
  - (3)  $^{101}_{36}$  Kr
  - (4)  $^{103}_{36}$ Kr

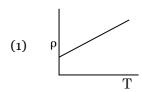
159. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly:

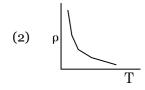
- (1) 6
- (2) 0.6
- (3) 0.06
- (4) 0.006
- 160. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

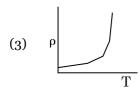


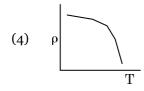
- (1) g
- (2) g/2
- (3) g/5
- (4) g/10
- 161. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:
  - (1)  $\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$
  - (2)  $\frac{Mg(L_1-L)}{AL}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A}(\text{L}_1 \text{L})}$
- 162. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is :  $(k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
  - (2)  $\frac{3}{2}$  k T
  - (3)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
  - (4)  $\frac{1}{2}$  k<sub>B</sub>T

163. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper?

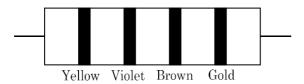








164. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (2)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (3)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4)  $470 \Omega, 5\%$

165. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:

- (1) double
- (2) half
- (3) four times
- (4) one-fourth

166. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu$ F. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu$ F. The permittivity of the medium is :

$$(c_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \,\mathrm{C^2 \, N^{-1} \, m^{-2}})$$

- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

167. Dimensions of stress are:

(1)  $[MLT^{-2}]$ 

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- (2)  $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- (3)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- (4)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$

168. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:

- (1)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
- (2)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
- (3)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
- (4)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7}$  rad

169. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:

- (1) zero
- (2) 0.5
- (3) 1.0
- (4) -1.0

170. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^{\circ}$  with the dipole axis is:

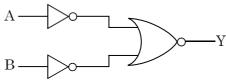
$$\frac{1}{4\pi c_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2$$

- (1) 50 V
- (2) 200 V
- (3) 400 V
- (4) zero

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- 171. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m<sup>-1</sup>. The permeability of the material of the rod is:
  - $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}) (1)$  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
  - 8.0×10<sup>-5</sup> T m A<sup>-1</sup> (2)
  - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$ (3)
  - $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$ (4)
- A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:
  - $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$
  - $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$ (1)
  - (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
  - (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
  - $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$ (4)
- A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3\times10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ , has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
  - (2) $2.5 \times 10^{6}$
  - $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$ (3)
  - $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$ (4)
- The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1=1.5$   $r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - 27 (1) 8 9
  - (2)4 3 2 5
  - (3)
  - (4)
- An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is:
  - (1) 10 V
  - (2) $10^2 \, \mathrm{V}$
  - $10^3 \, \mathrm{V}$ (3)
  - (4) 104 V
- Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.9801 m
  - (2)9.98 m
  - (3)9.980 m
  - (4) 9.9 m

- 177. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is:  $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 
  - (1) 360 m
  - (2)340 m
  - (3)320 m
  - 300 m (4)
- 178. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
  - (1) 2.5g
  - (2)5.0 g
  - (3)10.0 g
  - (4)20.0 g
- A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3: 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is:
  - $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \, \text{m}$ (1)
  - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-1}$  m
  - $1.5 \times 10^{-1}$  m (3)
  - $1.5 \times 10^{-2}$  m (4)
- 180. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) В Y 0 0 0 0 1 0
  - 1 0 0
- 1 1 (2)A B Y
  - 0 n 0
    - 0 1 1
    - 1 1 1 1 1
- (3)A В Y 0 0 1
  - 0 1 1
  - 1 0 1 1 1 0
- (4)A В Y 0 1 0
  - 0 0 1
  - 1 0 0 0

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